

## Insulated Gate Bipolar Transistor (Warp 2 Speed IGBT), 100 A


**SOT-227**
**FEATURES**

- Ultrafast: Optimized for minimum saturation voltage and speed 0 to 40 kHz in hard switching, > 200 kHz in resonant mode
- Very low conduction and switching losses
- Fully isolated package (2500 V AC/RMS)
- Very low internal inductance ( $\leq 5$  nH typical)
- Industry standard outline
- UL approved file E78996
- Compliant to RoHS directive 2002/95/EC
- Designed and qualified for industrial market


**RoHS  
COMPLIANT**
**PRODUCT SUMMARY**

$V_{CES}$	600 V
$I_C$ DC	100 A
$V_{CE(on)}$ at 100 A, 25 °C	1.8 V

**BENEFITS**

- Designed for increased operating efficiency in power conversion: PFC, UPS, SMPS, welding, induction heating
- Lower overall losses available at frequencies  $\geq 20$  kHz
- Easy to assemble and parallel
- Direct mounting to heatsink
- Lower EMI, requires less snubbing
- Plug in compatible with other SOT-227 packages

**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MAX.	UNITS
Collector to emitter breakdown voltage	$V_{CES}$		600	V
Continuous collector current	$I_C$	$T_C = 25\text{ °C}$	100	A
		$T_C = 100\text{ °C}$	50	
Pulsed collector current	$I_{CM}$		200	
Clamped inductive load current	$I_{LM}$	Repetitive rating: $V_{GE} = 20$ V; pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature (fig. 20)	200	
Gate to emitter voltage	$V_{GE}$		$\pm 20$	V
RMS isolation voltage	$V_{ISOL}$	Any terminal to case, $t = 1$ minute	2500	
Maximum power dissipation	$P_D$	$T_C = 25\text{ °C}$	250	W
		$T_C = 100\text{ °C}$	100	
Operating junction and storage temperature range	$T_J, T_{Stg}$		- 55 to + 150	°C
Mounting torque		6 to 32 or M3 screw	12 (1.3)	lbf · in (N · m)

**THERMAL AND MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS
Junction to case, IGBT	$R_{thJC}$	-	0.50	°C/W
Thermal resistance, junction to case, diode	$R_{thJC}$	-	1.0	
Case to sink, flat, greased surface	$R_{thCS}$	0.05	-	
Weight of module		30	-	g

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS (T <sub>J</sub> = 25 °C unless otherwise specified)						
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS
Collector to emitter breakdown voltage	V <sub>(BR)CES</sub>	V <sub>GE</sub> = 0 V, I <sub>C</sub> = 250 μA	600	-	-	V
Temperature coefficient of breakdown voltage	ΔV <sub>(BR)CES</sub> /ΔT <sub>J</sub>	V <sub>GE</sub> = 0 V, I <sub>C</sub> = 1.0 mA	-	0.36	-	V/°C
Collector to emitter saturation voltage	V <sub>CE(on)</sub>	V <sub>GE</sub> = 15 V, I <sub>C</sub> = 50 A	-	1.49	2.1	V
		V <sub>GE</sub> = 15 V, I <sub>C</sub> = 100 A	-	1.80	-	
		V <sub>GE</sub> = 15 V, I <sub>C</sub> = 50 A, T <sub>J</sub> = 150 °C	-	1.47	-	
Gate threshold voltage	V <sub>GE(th)</sub>	V <sub>CE</sub> = V <sub>GE</sub> , I <sub>C</sub> = 250 μA	3.0	-	6.0	
Temperature coefficient of threshold voltage	ΔV <sub>GE(th)</sub> /ΔT <sub>J</sub>	V <sub>CE</sub> = V <sub>GE</sub> , I <sub>C</sub> = 250 μA	-	-7.6	-	mV/°C
Forward transconductance	g <sub>fe</sub>	V <sub>CE</sub> = 100 V, I <sub>C</sub> = 50 A	34	52	-	S
Zero gate voltage collector current	I <sub>CES</sub>	V <sub>GE</sub> = 0 V, V <sub>CE</sub> = 600 V	-	-	250	μA
		V <sub>GE</sub> = 0 V, V <sub>CE</sub> = 600 V, T <sub>J</sub> = 150 °C	-	-	1.3	mA
Diode forward voltage drop	V <sub>FM</sub>	I <sub>C</sub> = 50 A	-	1.3	1.6	V
		I <sub>C</sub> = 50 A, T <sub>J</sub> = 150 °C	-	1.16	1.3	
Gate to emitter leakage current	I <sub>GES</sub>	V <sub>GE</sub> = ± 20 V	-	-	± 100	nA

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS (T <sub>J</sub> = 25 °C unless otherwise specified)							
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	
Total gate charge (turn-on)	Q <sub>g</sub>	I <sub>C</sub> = 50 A	-	430	640	nC	
Gate emitter charge (turn-on)	Q <sub>ge</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 400 V	-	48	72		
Gate collector charge (turn-on)	Q <sub>gc</sub>	V <sub>GE</sub> = 15 V	-	130	190		
Turn-on delay time	t <sub>d(on)</sub>	T <sub>J</sub> = 25 °C I <sub>C</sub> = 60 A, V <sub>CC</sub> = 480 V V <sub>GE</sub> = 15 V, R <sub>g</sub> = 5.0 Ω energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery	-	57	-	ns	
Rise time	t <sub>r</sub>		-	80	-		
Turn-off delay time	t <sub>d(off)</sub>		-	240	-		
Fall time	t <sub>f</sub>		-	120	-		
Turn-on switching loss	E <sub>on</sub>	T <sub>J</sub> = 25 °C I <sub>C</sub> = 60 A, V <sub>CC</sub> = 480 V V <sub>GE</sub> = 15 V, R <sub>g</sub> = 5.0 Ω energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery	-	0.41	-	mJ	
Turn-off switching loss	E <sub>off</sub>		-	2.51	-		
Total switching loss	E <sub>ts</sub>		-	2.92	4.4		
Turn-on delay time	t <sub>d(on)</sub>	T <sub>J</sub> = 150 °C I <sub>C</sub> = 60 A, V <sub>CC</sub> = 480 V V <sub>GE</sub> = 15 V, R <sub>g</sub> = 5.0 Ω energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery	-	57	-	ns	
Rise time	t <sub>r</sub>		-	80	-		
Turn-off delay time	t <sub>d(off)</sub>		-	380	-		
Fall time	t <sub>f</sub>		-	170	-		
Total switching loss	E <sub>ts</sub>		-	4.78	-	mJ	
Internal emitter inductance	L <sub>E</sub>		-	2.0	-	nH	
Input capacitance	C <sub>ies</sub>	V <sub>GE</sub> = 0 V	-	7400	-	pF	
Output capacitance	C <sub>oes</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 30 V	-	730	-		
Reverse transfer capacitance	C <sub>res</sub>	f = 1.0 MHz	-	90	-		
Diode reverse recovery time	t <sub>rr</sub>	T <sub>J</sub> = 25 °C	See fig. 13	-	90	140	ns
		T <sub>J</sub> = 125 °C		-	120	180	
Diode peak reverse recovery current	I <sub>rr</sub>	T <sub>J</sub> = 25 °C	See fig. 14	-	7.3	11	A
		T <sub>J</sub> = 125 °C		-	11	16	
Diode reverse recovery charge	Q <sub>rr</sub>	T <sub>J</sub> = 25 °C	See fig. 15	-	360	550	nC
		T <sub>J</sub> = 125 °C		-	780	1200	
Diode peak rate of fall recovery during t <sub>b</sub>	dl <sub>(rec)</sub> M/dt	T <sub>J</sub> = 25 °C	See fig. 16	-	370	-	A/μs
		T <sub>J</sub> = 125 °C		-	220	-	

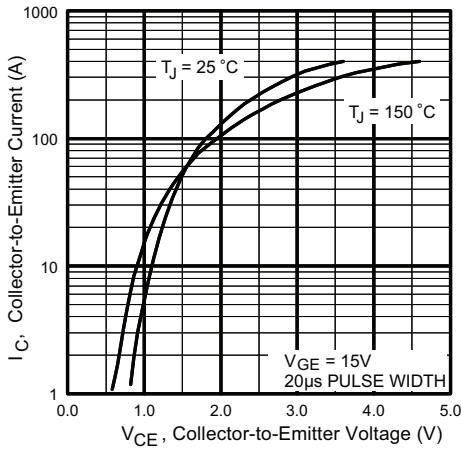


Fig. 1 - Typical Output Characteristics

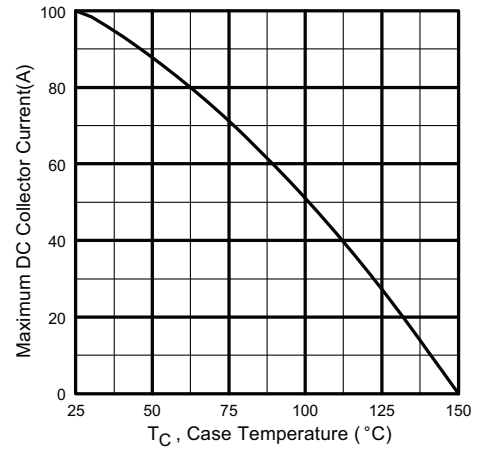


Fig. 3 - Maximum Collector Current vs. Case Temperature

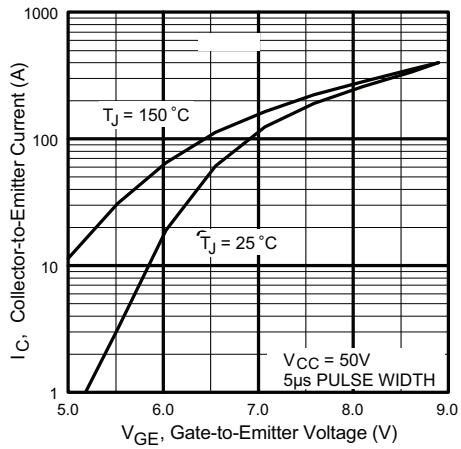


Fig. 2 - Typical Transfer Characteristics

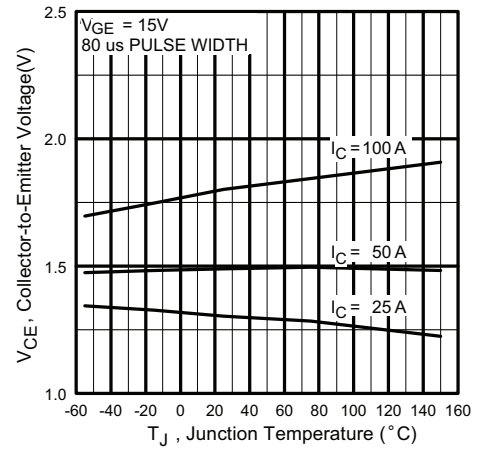


Fig. 4 - Typical Collector to Emitter Voltage vs. Junction Temperature

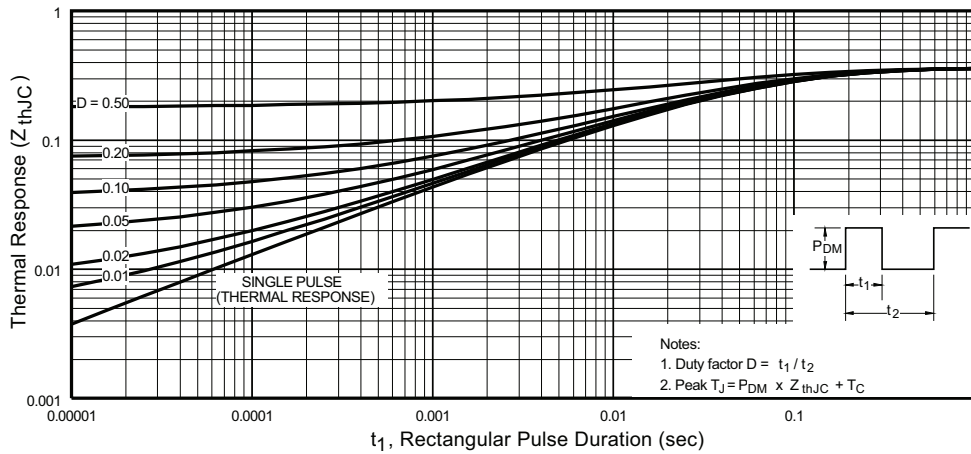
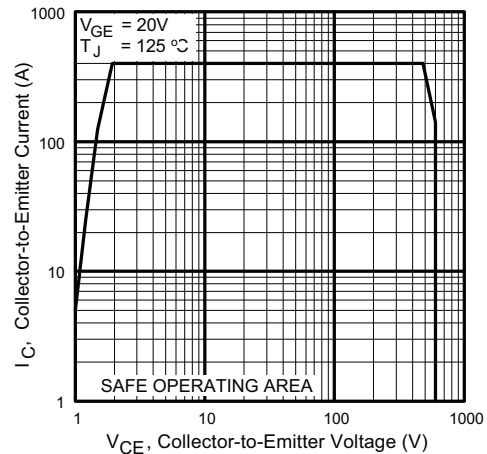
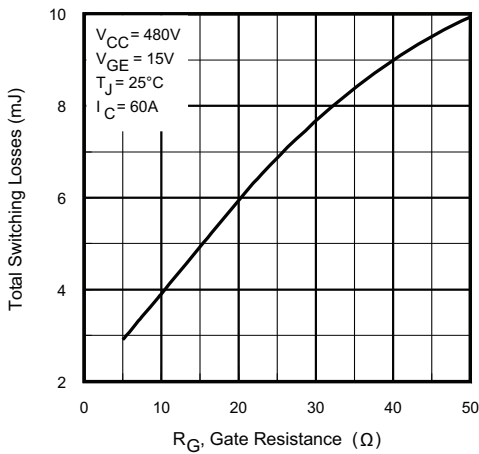
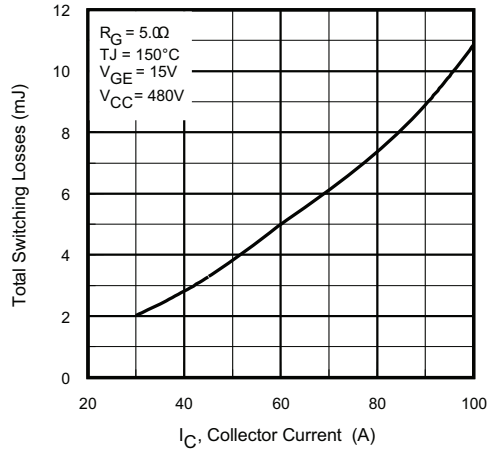
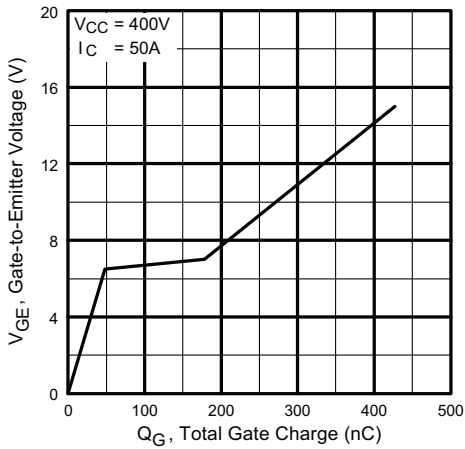
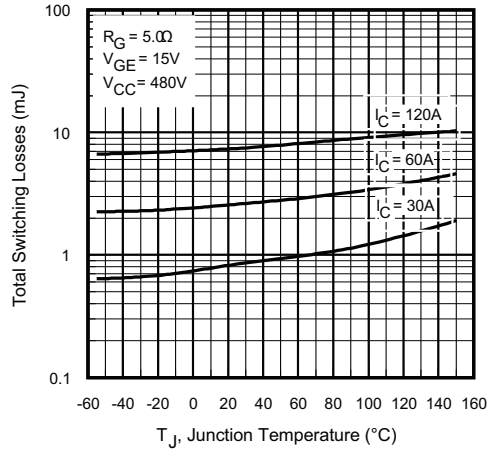
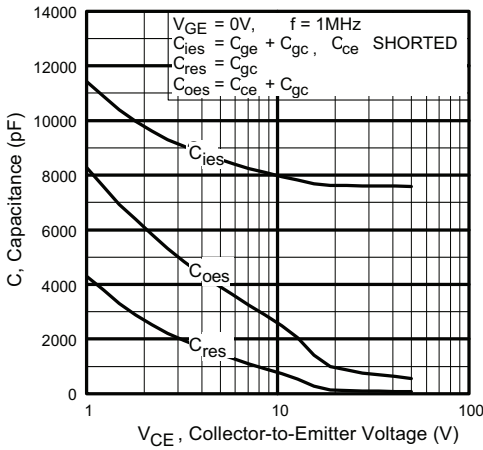


Fig. 5 - Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction to Case



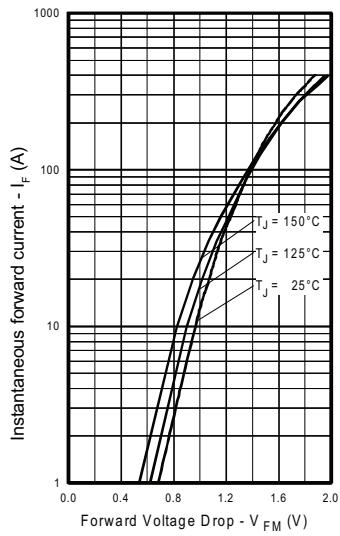


Fig. 12 - Typical Forward Voltage Drop vs. Instantaneous Forward Current

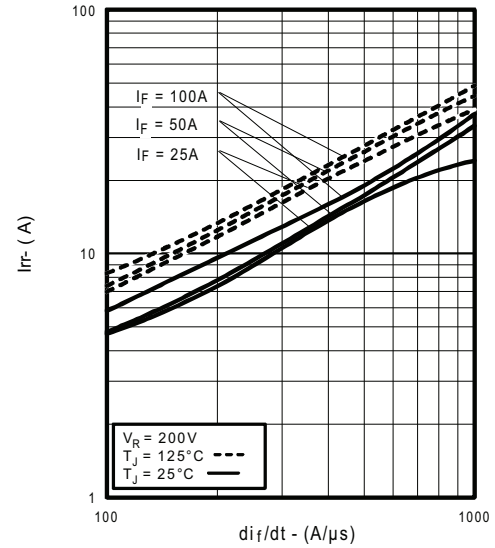


Fig. 14 - Typical Recovery Current vs.  $di_f/dt$

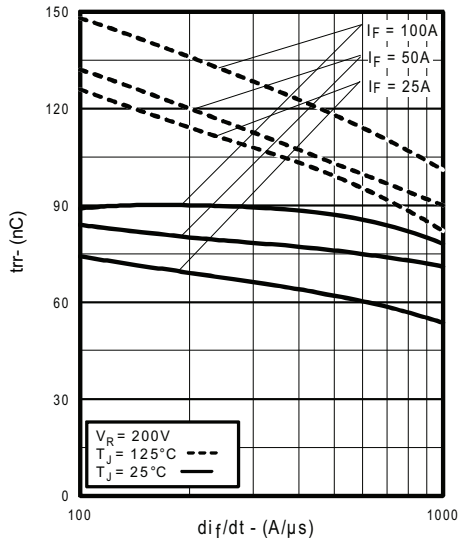


Fig. 13 - Typical Reverse Recovery vs.  $di_f/dt$

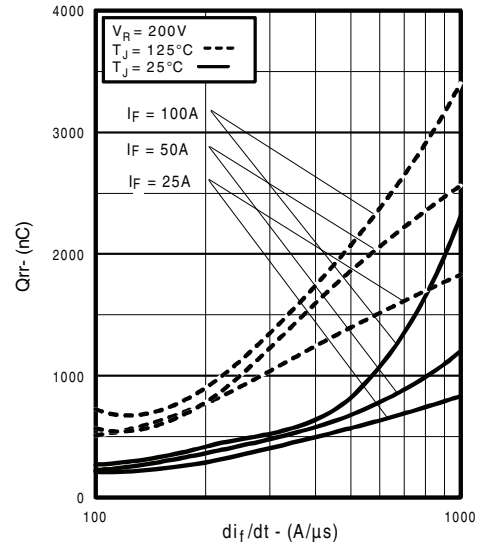


Fig. 15 - Typical Stored Charge vs.  $di_f/dt$

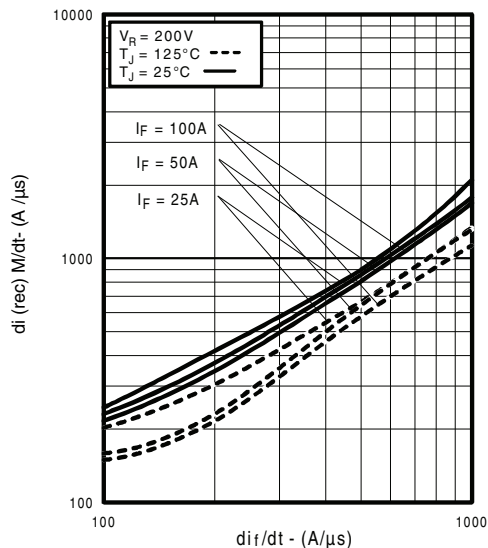


Fig. 16 - Typical  $dI_{(rec)M}/dt$  vs.  $dI_F/dt$

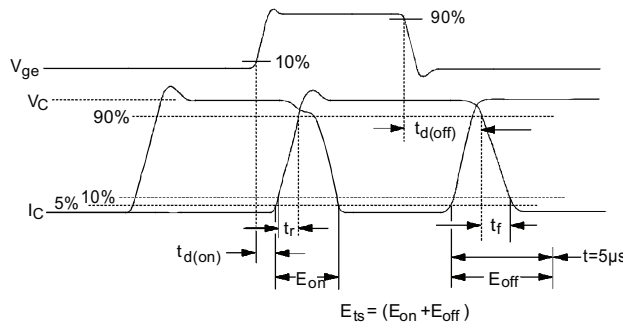


Fig. 17b - Test Waveforms for Circuit of Fig. 17a, Defining  $E_{off}$ ,  $t_{d(off)}$ ,  $t_f$

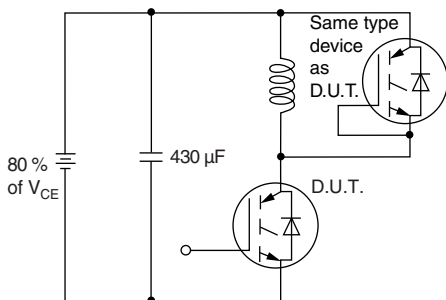


Fig. 17a - Test Circuit for Measurement of  $I_{LM}$ ,  $E_{on}$ ,  $E_{off(diode)}$ ,  $t_{rr}$ ,  $Q_{rr}$ ,  $I_{rr}$ ,  $t_{d(on)}$ ,  $t_r$ ,  $t_{d(off)}$ ,  $t_f$

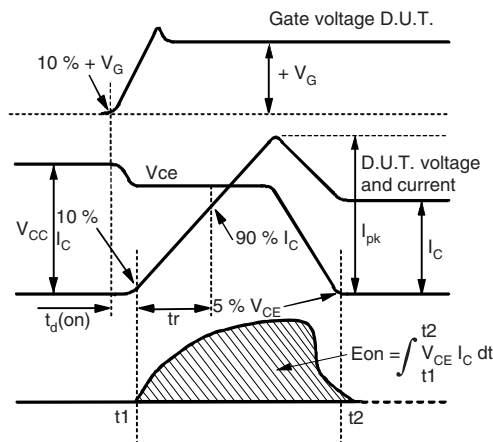


Fig. 17c - Test Waveforms for Circuit of Fig. 17a, Defining  $E_{on}$ ,  $t_{d(on)}$ ,  $t_r$

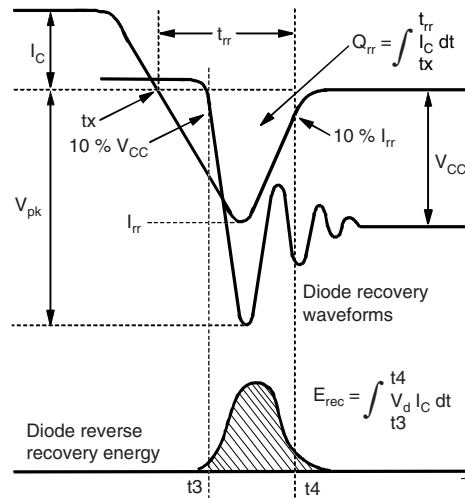
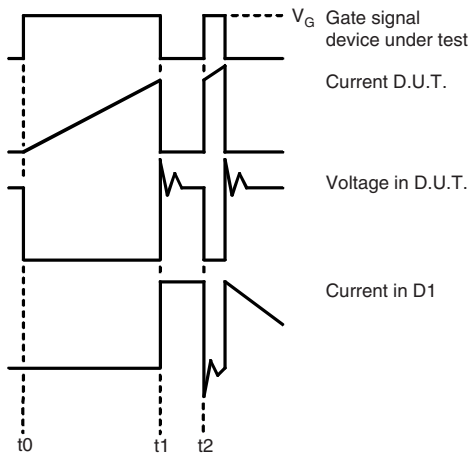

 Fig. 17d - Test Waveforms for Circuit of Fig. 17a, Defining  $E_{rec}$ ,  $t_{tr}$ ,  $Q_{rr}$ ,  $I_{rr}$ 


Fig. 17e - Macro Waveforms for Figure 17a's Test Circuit

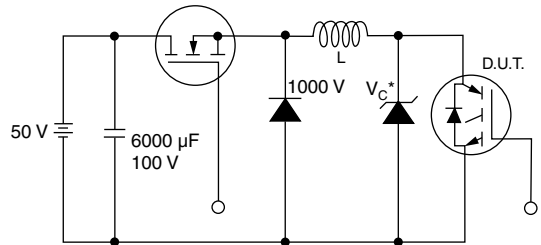


Fig. 18a - Clamped Inductive Load Test Circuit

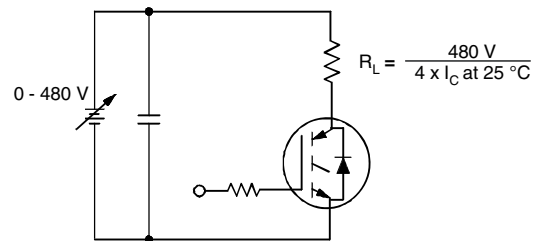


Fig. 18b - Pulsed Collector Current Test Circuit

# GA100NA60UP

Vishay Semiconductors

Insulated Gate Bipolar Transistor  
(Warp 2 Speed IGBT), 100 A

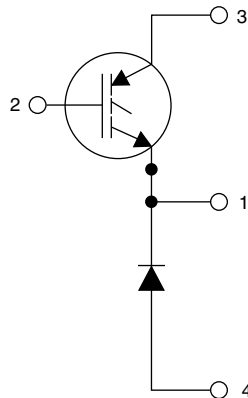


## ORDERING INFORMATION TABLE

Device code	<b>G</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>N</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>U</b>	<b>P</b>
	①	②	③	④	⑤	⑥	⑦	⑧

- 1** - Device:  
G = IGBT
- 2** - Silicon technology:  
A = Generation 4 IGBT, Generation 2 HEXFRED®
- 3** - Current rating (100 = 100 A)
- 4** - N = High side chopper
- 5** - SOT-227
- 6** - Voltage rating (60 = 600 V)
- 7** - U = Ultrafast with matching diode
- 8** -
  - None = Standard production
  - P = Lead (Pb)-free

## CIRCUIT CONFIGURATION

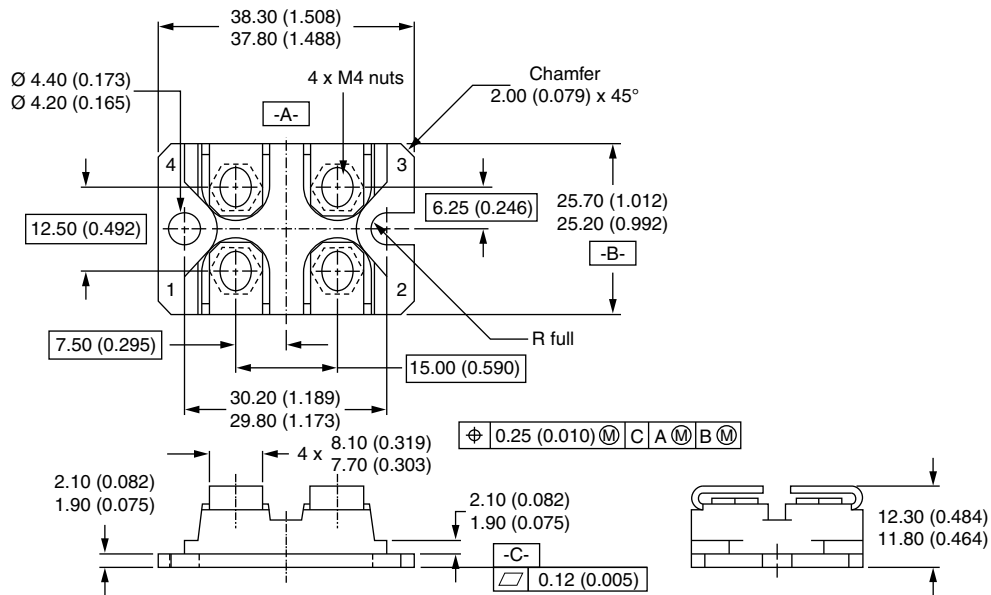


LINKS TO RELATED DOCUMENTS	
Dimensions	<a href="http://www.vishay.com/doc?95036">www.vishay.com/doc?95036</a>
Packaging information	<a href="http://www.vishay.com/doc?95037">www.vishay.com/doc?95037</a>



## SOT-227

**DIMENSIONS** in millimeters (inches)



### Notes

- Dimensioning and tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M-1982
- Controlling dimension: millimeter



## Disclaimer

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