National Semiconductor

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LM340/LM78XX Series
3-Terminal Positive Regulators

General Description

The LM140/LM340A/LM340/LM78XXC monolithic 3-terminal positive voltage regulators employ internal current-limiting, thermal shutdown and safe-area compensation, making them essentially indestructible. If adequate heat sinking is provided, they can deliver over 1.0A output current. They are intended as fixed voltage regulators in a wide range of applications including local (on-card) regulation for elimination of noise and distribution problems associated with single-point regulation. In addition to use as fixed voltage regulators, these devices can be used with external components to obtain adjustable output voltages and currents.

Considerable effort was expended to make the entire series of regulators easy to use and minimize the number of external components. It is not necessary to bypass the output, although this does improve transient response. Input bypassing is needed only if the regulator is located far from the filter capacitor of the power supply.

The 5V, 12V, and 15V regulator options are available in the steel TO-3 power package. The LM340A/LM340/LM78XXC series is available in the TO-220 plastic power package, and the LM340-5.0 is available in the SOT-223 package, as well as the LM340-5.0 and LM340-12 in the surface-mount TO-263 package.

Features

- Complete specifications at 1A load
- Output voltage tolerances of ±2% at T_j = 25˚C and ±4% over the temperature range (LM340A)
- Line regulation of 0.01% of V_{OUT}/V of ΔV_{IN} at 1A load (LM340A)
- Load regulation of 0.3% of V_{OUT}/A (LM340A)
- Internal thermal overload protection
- Internal short-circuit current limit
- Output transistor safe area protection
- P^+ Product Enhancement tested

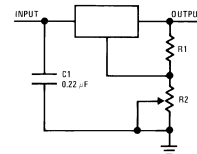## Typical Applications

Fixed Output Regulator
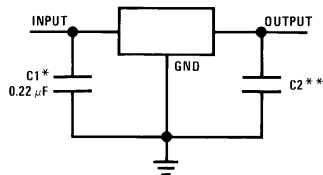
00778101

*Required if the regulator is located far from the power supply filter.

**Although no output capacitor is needed for stability, it does help transient response. (If needed, use 0.1 µF, ceramic disc).
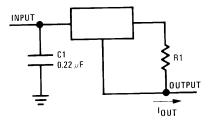
Current Regulator

00778103

$$I_{OUT} = \frac{V_{2\text{-}3}}{R1} + I_Q$$

ΔI_Q = 1.3 mA over line and load changes.

Adjustable Output Regulator

00778102

V_{OUT} = 5V + (5V/R1 + I_Q) R2   5V/R1 > 3 I_Q,

load regulation (L_r) ≈ [(R1 + R2)/R1] (L_r of LM340-5).

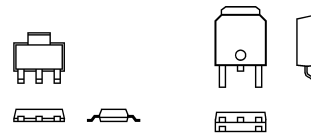### Comparison between SOT-223 and D-Pak (TO-252) Packages

SOT-223   TO-252

00778138

Scale 1:1

Ordering Information

Package	Temperature Range	Part Number	Packaging Marking	Transport Media	NSC Drawing
3-Lead TO-3	0˚C to +125˚C	LM340K-5.0	LM340K-5.0 7805P+	50 Per Bag	K02A
		LM340K-12	LM340K 12 7812P+	50 Per Bag	
		LM340K-15	LM340K 15 7815P+	50 Per Bag	
3-lead TO-220	0˚C to +125˚C	LM340AT-5.0	LM340AT 5.0 P+	45 Units/Rail	T03B
		LM340T-5.0	LM340T5 7805 P+	45 Units/Rail	
		LM340T-12	LM340T12 7812 P+	45 Units/Rail	
		LM340T-15	LM340T15 7815 P+	45 Units/Rail	
3-Lead TO-263	0˚C to +125˚C	LM340S-5.0	LM340S-5.0 P+	45 Units/Rail	TS3B
		LM340SX-5.0		500 Units Tape and Reel	
		LM340S-12	LM340S-12 P+	45 Units/Rail	
		LM340SX-12		500 Units Tape and Reel	
		LM340AS-5.0	LM340AS-5.0 P+	45 Units/Rail	
		LM340ASX-5.0		500 Units Tape and Reel	
4-Lead SOT-223	0˚C to +125˚C	LM340MP-5.0	N00A	1k Units Tape and Reel	MA04A
		LM340MPX-5.0		2k Units Tape and Reel	
Unpackaged Die	−55˚C to 125˚C	LM140KG-5 MD8		221 Per Waffle Pack	DL069089
		LM140KG-12 MD8		221 Per Waffle Pack	DL059093
		LM140KG-15 MD8		221 Per Waffle Pack	DL059093

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.

(Note 5)

DC Input Voltage	
All Devices except	
LM7824/LM7824C	35V
LM7824/LM7824C	40V
Internal Power Dissipation (Note 2)	Internally Limited
Maximum Junction Temperature	150˚C
Storage Temperature Range	−65˚C to +150˚C

Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.)	
TO-3 Package (K)	300˚C
TO-220 Package (T), TO-263	
Package (S)	230˚C
ESD Susceptibility (Note 3)	2 kV

Operating Conditions (Note 1)

Temperature Range (T_A) (Note 2)	
LM140A, LM140	−55˚C to +125˚C
LM340A, LM340, LM7800	0˚C to +125˚C

LM340A Electrical Characteristics

I_{OUT} = 1A, −55˚C ≤ T_J ≤ +150˚C (LM140A), or 0˚C ≤ T_J ≤ + 125˚C (LM340A) unless otherwise specified (Note 4)

Symbol	Output Voltage		5V			12V			15V			Units
	Input Voltage (unless otherwise noted)		10V			19V			23V			
	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
V_O	Output Voltage	T_J = 25˚C	4.9	5	5.1	11.75	12	12.25	14.7	15	15.3	V
		P_D ≤ 15W, 5 mA ≤ I_O ≤ 1A	4.8		5.2	11.5		12.5	14.4		15.6	V
		V_{MIN} ≤ V_{IN} ≤ V_{MAX}	(7.5 ≤ V_{IN} ≤ 20)			(14.8 ≤ V_{IN} ≤ 27)			(17.9 ≤ V_{IN} ≤ 30)			V
ΔV_O	Line Regulation	I_O = 500 mA			10			18			22	mV
		ΔV_{IN}	(7.5 ≤ V_{IN} ≤ 20)			(14.8 ≤ V_{IN} ≤ 27)			(17.9 ≤ V_{IN} ≤ 30)			V
		T_J = 25˚C		3	10		4	18		4	22	mV
		ΔV_{IN}	(7.5 ≤ V_{IN} ≤ 20)			(14.5 ≤ V_{IN} ≤ 27)			(17.5 ≤ V_{IN} ≤ 30)			V
		T_J = 25˚C			4			9			10	mV
		Over Temperature			12			30			30	mV
		ΔV_{IN}	(8 ≤ V_{IN} ≤ 12)			(16 ≤ V_{IN} ≤ 22)			(20 ≤ V_{IN} ≤ 26)			V
ΔV_O	Load Regulation	T_J = 25˚C, 5 mA ≤ I_O ≤ 1.5A		10	25		12	32		12	35	mV
		T_J = 25˚C, 250 mA ≤ I_O ≤ 750 mA			15			19			21	mV
		Over Temperature, 5 mA ≤ I_O ≤ 1A			25			60			75	mV
I_Q	Quiescent Current	T_J = 25˚C			6			6			6	mA
		Over Temperature			6.5			6.5			6.5	mA
ΔI_Q	Quiescent Current Change	5 mA ≤ I_O ≤ 1A			0.5			0.5			0.5	mA
		T_J = 25˚C, I_O = 1A			0.8			0.8			0.8	mA
		V_{MIN} ≤ V_{IN} ≤ V_{MAX}	(7.5 ≤ V_{IN} ≤ 20)			(14.8 ≤ V_{IN} ≤ 27)			(17.9 ≤ V_{IN} ≤ 30)			V
		I_O = 500 mA			0.8			0.8			0.8	mA
		V_{MIN} ≤ V_{IN} ≤ V_{MAX}	(8 ≤ V_{IN} ≤ 25)			(15 ≤ V_{IN} ≤ 30)			(17.9 ≤ V_{IN} ≤ 30)			V
V_N	Output Noise Voltage	T_A = 25˚C, 10 Hz ≤ f ≤ 100 kHz			40			75			90	µV
$\frac{\Delta V_{IN}}{\Delta V_{OUT}}$	Ripple Rejection	T_J = 25˚C, f = 120 Hz, I_O = 1A	68	80		61	72		60	70		dB
		or f = 120 Hz, I_O = 500 mA,	68			61			60			dB
		Over Temperature, V_{MIN} ≤ V_{IN} ≤ V_{MAX}	(8 ≤ V_{IN} ≤ 18)			(15 ≤ V_{IN} ≤ 25)			(18.5 ≤ V_{IN} ≤ 28.5)			V
R_O	Dropout Voltage	T_J = 25˚C, I_O = 1A			2.0			2.0			2.0	V
	Output Resistance	f = 1 kHz			8			18			19	mΩ

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LM340A Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

$I_{OUT} = 1A$, $-55°C \leq T_J \leq +150°C$ (LM140A), or $0°C \leq T_J \leq +125°C$ (LM340A) unless otherwise specified (Note 4)

Symbol	Output Voltage		5V			12V			15V			Units
	Input Voltage (unless otherwise noted)		10V			19V			23V			
	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
	Short-Circuit Current	$T_J = 25°C$		2.1			1.5			1.2		A
	Peak Output Current	$T_J = 25°C$		2.4			2.4			2.4		A
	Average TC of V_O	Min, $T_J = 0°C$, $I_O = 5$ mA		−0.6			−1.5			−1.8		mV/°C
V_{IN}	Input Voltage Required to Maintain Line Regulation	$T_J = 25°C$	7.5			14.5			17.5			V

LM140 Electrical Characteristics (Note 4)

$-55°C \leq T_J \leq +150°C$ unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Output Voltage			5V			12V			15V			Units
	Input Voltage (unless otherwise noted)			10V			19V			23V			
	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
V_O	Output Voltage	$T_J = 25°C$, 5 mA $\leq I_O \leq$ 1A		4.8	5	5.2	11.5	12	12.5	14.4	15	15.6	V
		$P_D \leq$ 15W, 5 mA $\leq I_O \leq$ 1A		4.75		5.25	11.4		12.6	14.25		15.75	V
		$V_{MIN} \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{MAX}$		(8 $\leq V_{IN} \leq$ 20)			(15.5 $\leq V_{IN} \leq$ 27)			(18.5 $\leq V_{IN} \leq$ 30)			V
ΔV_O	Line Regulation	$I_O = 500$ mA	$T_J = 25°C$ ΔV_{IN}		3	50		4	120		4	150	mV
				(7 $\leq V_{IN} \leq$ 25)			(14.5 $\leq V_{IN} \leq$ 30)			(17.5 $\leq V_{IN} \leq$ 30)			V
			$-55°C \leq T_J \leq +150°C$ ΔV_{IN}			50			120			150	mV
				(8 $\leq V_{IN} \leq$ 20)			(15 $\leq V_{IN} \leq$ 27)			(18.5 $\leq V_{IN} \leq$ 30)			V
		$I_O \leq$ 1A	$T_J = 25°C$ ΔV_{IN}			50			120			150	mV
				(7.5 $\leq V_{IN} \leq$ 20)			(14.6 $\leq V_{IN} \leq$ 27)			(17.7 $\leq V_{IN} \leq$ 30)			V
			$-55°C \leq T_J \leq +150°C$ ΔV_{IN}			25			60			75	mV
				(8 $\leq V_{IN} \leq$ 12)			(16 $\leq V_{IN} \leq$ 22)			(20 $\leq V_{IN} \leq$ 26)			V
ΔV_O	Load Regulation	$T_J = 25°C$	5 mA $\leq I_O \leq$ 1.5A		10	50		12	120		12	150	mV
			250 mA $\leq I_P \leq$ 750 mA			25			60			75	mV
		$-55°C \leq T_J \leq +150°C$, 5 mA $\leq I_O \leq$ 1A				50			120			150	mV
I_Q	Quiescent Current	$I_O \leq$ 1A	$T_J = 25°C$			6			6			6	mA
			$-55°C \leq T_J \leq +150°C$			7			7			7	mA
ΔI_Q	Quiescent Current Change	5 mA $\leq I_O \leq$ 1A			0.5			0.5			0.5		mA
		$T_J = 25°C$, $I_O \leq$ 1A $V_{MIN} \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{MAX}$				0.8			0.8			0.8	mA
				(8 $\leq V_{IN} \leq$ 20)			(15 $\leq V_{IN} \leq$ 27)			(18.5 $\leq V_{IN} \leq$ 30)			V
		$I_O = 500$ mA, $-55°C \leq T_J \leq +150°C$ $V_{MIN} \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{MAX}$				0.8			0.8			0.8	mA
				(8 $\leq V_{IN} \leq$ 25)			(15 $\leq V_{IN} \leq$ 30)			(18.5 $\leq V_{IN} \leq$ 30)			V
V_N	Output Noise Voltage	$T_A = 25°C$, 10 Hz $\leq f \leq$ 100 kHz			40			75			90		µV

LM140 Electrical Characteristics (Note 4) (Continued)

−55˚C ≤ T$_J$ ≤ +150˚C unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		5V 10V Min	Typ	Max	12V 19V Min	Typ	Max	15V 23V Min	Typ	Max	Units
$\frac{\Delta V_{IN}}{\Delta V_{OUT}}$	Ripple Rejection	f = 120 Hz	I$_O$ ≤ 1A, T$_J$ = 25˚C or	68	80		61	72		60	70		dB
			I$_O$ ≤ 500 mA, −55˚C ≤ T$_J$ ≤+150˚C	68			61			60			dB
		V$_{MIN}$ ≤ V$_{IN}$ ≤ V$_{MAX}$		(8 ≤ V$_{IN}$ ≤ 18)			(15 ≤ V$_{IN}$ ≤ 25)			(18.5 ≤ V$_{IN}$ ≤ 28.5)			V
R$_O$	Dropout Voltage	T$_J$ = 25˚C, I$_O$ = 1A			2.0			2.0			2.0		V
	Output Resistance	f = 1 kHz			8			18			19		mΩ
	Short-Circuit Current	T$_J$ = 25˚C			2.1			1.5			1.2		A
	Peak Output Current	T$_J$ = 25˚C			2.4			2.4			2.4		A
	Average TC of V$_{OUT}$	0˚C ≤ T$_J$ ≤ +150˚C, I$_O$ = 5 mA			−0.6			−1.5			−1.8		mV/˚C
V$_{IN}$	Input Voltage Required to Maintain Line Regulation	T$_J$ = 25˚C, I$_O$ ≤ 1A		7.5			14.6			17.7			V

LM340/LM78XXC Electrical Characteristics (Note 4)

0˚C ≤ T$_J$ ≤ +125˚C unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		5V 10V Min	Typ	Max	12V 19V Min	Typ	Max	15V 23V Min	Typ	Max	Units
V$_O$	Output Voltage	T$_J$ = 25˚C, 5 mA ≤ I$_O$ ≤ 1A		4.8	5	5.2	11.5	12	12.5	14.4	15	15.6	V
		P$_D$ ≤ 15W, 5 mA ≤ I$_O$ ≤ 1A		4.75		5.25	11.4		12.6	14.25		15.75	V
		V$_{MIN}$ ≤ V$_{IN}$ ≤ V$_{MAX}$		(7.5 ≤ V$_{IN}$ ≤ 20)			(14.5 ≤ V$_{IN}$ ≤ 27)			(17.5 ≤ V$_{IN}$ ≤ 30)			V
ΔV$_O$	Line Regulation	I$_O$ = 500 mA	T$_J$ = 25˚C ΔV$_{IN}$		3	50		4	120		4	150	mV
				(7 ≤ V$_{IN}$ ≤ 25)			(14.5 ≤ V$_{IN}$ ≤ 30)			(17.5 ≤ V$_{IN}$ ≤ 30)			V
			0˚C ≤ T$_J$ ≤ +125˚C ΔV$_{IN}$			50			120			150	mV
				(8 ≤ V$_{IN}$ ≤ 20)			(15 ≤ V$_{IN}$ ≤ 27)			(18.5 ≤ V$_{IN}$ ≤ 30)			V
		I$_O$ ≤ 1A	T$_J$ = 25˚C ΔV$_{IN}$			50			120			150	mV
				(7.5 ≤ V$_{IN}$ ≤ 20)			(14.6 ≤ V$_{IN}$ ≤ 27)			(17.7 ≤ V$_{IN}$ ≤ 30)			V
			0˚C ≤ T$_J$ ≤ +125˚C ΔV$_{IN}$			25			60			75	mV
				(8 ≤ V$_{IN}$ ≤ 12)			(16 ≤ V$_{IN}$ ≤ 22)			(20 ≤ V$_{IN}$ ≤ 26)			V
ΔV$_O$	Load Regulation	T$_J$ = 25˚C	5 mA ≤ I$_O$ ≤ 1.5A		10	50		12	120		12	150	mV
			250 mA ≤ I$_O$ ≤ 750 mA			25			60			75	mV
		5 mA ≤ I$_O$ ≤ 1A, 0˚C ≤ T$_J$ ≤ +125˚C				50			120			150	mV
I$_Q$	Quiescent Current	I$_O$ ≤ 1A	T$_J$ = 25˚C			8			8			8	mA
			0˚C ≤ T$_J$ ≤ +125˚C			8.5			8.5			8.5	mA
ΔI$_Q$	Quiescent Current Change	5 mA ≤ I$_O$ ≤ 1A				0.5			0.5			0.5	mA
		T$_J$ = 25˚C, I$_O$ ≤ 1A				1.0			1.0			1.0	mA

LM340/LM78XXC Electrical Characteristics (Note 4) (Continued)

$0°C \leq T_J \leq +125°C$ unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		5V / 10V Min	Typ	Max	12V / 19V Min	Typ	Max	15V / 23V Min	Typ	Max	Units
		$V_{MIN} \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{MAX}$		$(7.5 \leq V_{IN} \leq 20)$			$(14.8 \leq V_{IN} \leq 27)$			$(17.9 \leq V_{IN} \leq 30)$			V
		$I_O \leq 500$ mA, $0°C \leq T_J \leq +125°C$				1.0			1.0			1.0	mA
		$V_{MIN} \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{MAX}$		$(7 \leq V_{IN} \leq 25)$			$(14.5 \leq V_{IN} \leq 30)$			$(17.5 \leq V_{IN} \leq 30)$			V
V_N	Output Noise Voltage	$T_A = 25°C$, 10 Hz $\leq f \leq$ 100 kHz			40			75			90		µV
$\dfrac{\Delta V_{IN}}{\Delta V_{OUT}}$	Ripple Rejection	$I_O \leq 1A$, $T_J = 25°C$		62	80		55	72		54	70		dB
		$f = 120$ Hz	or $I_O \leq 500$ mA, $0°C \leq T_J \leq +125°C$	62			55			54			dB
		$V_{MIN} \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{MAX}$		$(8 \leq V_{IN} \leq 18)$			$(15 \leq V_{IN} \leq 25)$			$(18.5 \leq V_{IN} \leq 28.5)$			V
R_O	Dropout Voltage	$T_J = 25°C$, $I_O = 1A$			2.0			2.0			2.0		V
	Output Resistance	$f = 1$ kHz			8			18			19		mΩ
	Short-Circuit Current	$T_J = 25°C$			2.1			1.5			1.2		A
	Peak Output Current	$T_J = 25°C$			2.4			2.4			2.4		A
	Average TC of V_{OUT}	$0°C \leq T_J \leq +125°C$, $I_O = 5$ mA			−0.6			−1.5			−1.8		mV/°C
V_{IN}	Input Voltage Required to Maintain Line Regulation	$T_J = 25°C$, $I_O \leq 1A$		7.5			14.6			17.7			V

Note 1: Absolute Maximum Ratings are limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. Operating Conditions are conditions under which the device functions but the specifications might not be guaranteed. For guaranteed specifications and test conditions see the Electrical Characteristics.

Note 2: The maximum allowable power dissipation at any ambient temperature is a function of the maximum junction temperature for operation ($T_{JMAX} = 125°C$ or 150°C), the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance (θ_{JA}), and the ambient temperature (T_A). $P_{DMAX} = (T_{JMAX} - T_A)/\theta_{JA}$. If this dissipation is exceeded, the die temperature will rise above T_{JMAX} and the electrical specifications do not apply. If the die temperature rises above 150°C, the device will go into thermal shutdown. For the TO-3 package (K, KC), the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance (θ_{JA}) is 39°C/W. When using a heatsink, θ_{JA} is the sum of the 4°C/W junction-to-case thermal resistance (θ_{JC}) of the TO-3 package and the case-to-ambient thermal resistance of the heatsink. For the TO-220 package (T), θ_{JA} is 54°C/W and θ_{JC} is 4°C/W. If SOT-223 is used, the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance is 174°C/W and can be reduced by a heatsink (see Applications Hints on heatsinking).

If the TO-263 package is used, the thermal resistance can be reduced by increasing the PC board copper area thermally connected to the package: Using 0.5 square inches of copper area, θ_{JA} is 50°C/W; with 1 square inch of copper area, θ_{JA} is 37°C/W; and with 1.6 or more inches of copper area, θ_{JA} is 32°C/W.

Note 3: ESD rating is based on the human body model, 100 pF discharged through 1.5 kΩ.

Note 4: All characteristics are measured with a 0.22 µF capacitor from input to ground and a 0.1 µF capacitor from output to ground. All characteristics except noise voltage and ripple rejection ratio are measured using pulse techniques ($t_w \leq 10$ ms, duty cycle $\leq 5\%$). Output voltage changes due to changes in internal temperature must be taken into account separately.

Note 5: A military RETS specification is available on request. At the time of printing, the military RETS specifications for the LM140AK-5.0/883, LM140AK-12/883, and LM140AK-15/883 complied with the min and max limits for the respective versions of the LM140A. At the time of printing, the military RETS specifications for the LM140K-5.0/883, LM140K-12/883, and LM140K-15/883 complied with the min and max limits for the respective versions of the LM140. The LM140H/883, LM140K/883, and LM140AK/883 may also be procured as a Standard Military Drawing.

LM7808C
Electrical Characteristics

$0°C \leq T_J \leq +150°C$, V_I = 14V, I_O = 500 mA, C_I = 0.33 µF, C_O = 0.1 µF, unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Parameter		Conditions (Note 6)		LM7808C			Units
					Min	Typ	Max	
V_O	Output Voltage		T_J = 25°C		7.7	8.0	8.3	V
ΔV_O	Line Regulation		T_J = 25°C	$10.5V \leq V_I \leq 25V$		6.0	160	mV
				$11.0V \leq V_I \leq 17V$		2.0	80	
ΔV_O	Load Regulation		T_J = 25°C	$5.0\ mA \leq I_O \leq 1.5A$		12	160	mV
				$250\ mA \leq I_O \leq 750\ mA$		4.0	80	
V_O	Output Voltage		$11.5V \leq V_I \leq 23V$, $5.0\ mA \leq I_O \leq 1.0A$, $P \leq 15W$		7.6		8.4	V
I_Q	Quiescent Current		T_J = 25°C			4.3	8.0	mA
ΔI_Q	Quiescent	With Line	$11.5V \leq V_I \leq 25V$				1.0	mA
	Current Change	With Load	$5.0\ mA \leq I_O \leq 1.0A$				0.5	
V_N	Noise		T_A = 25°C, $10\ Hz \leq f \leq 100\ kHz$			52		µV
$\Delta V_I / \Delta V_O$	Ripple Rejection		f = 120 Hz, I_O = 350 mA, T_J = 25°C		56	72		dB
V_{DO}	Dropout Voltage		I_O = 1.0A, T_J = 25°C			2.0		V
R_O	Output Resistance		f = 1.0 kHz			16		mΩ
I_{OS}	Output Short Circuit Current		T_J = 25°C, V_I = 35V			0.45		A
I_{PK}	Peak Output Current		T_J = 25°C			2.2		A
$\Delta V_O / \Delta T$	Average Temperature Coefficient of Output Voltage		I_O = 5.0 mA			0.8		mV/°C

Note 6: All characteristics are measured with a 0.22 µF capacitor from input to ground and a 0.1 µF capacitor from output to ground. All characteristics except noise voltage and ripple rejection ratio are measured using pulse techniques ($t_w \leq 10$ ms, duty cycle $\leq 5\%$). Output voltage changes due to changes in internal temperature must be taken into account separately.
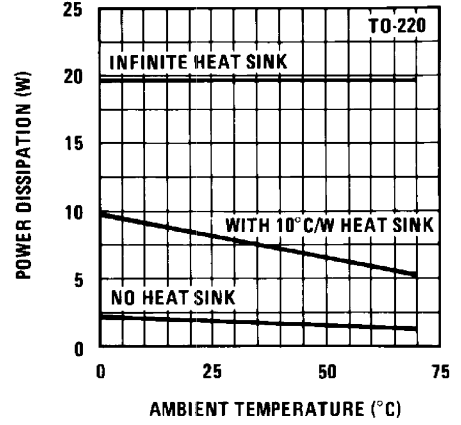
Typical Performance Characteristics
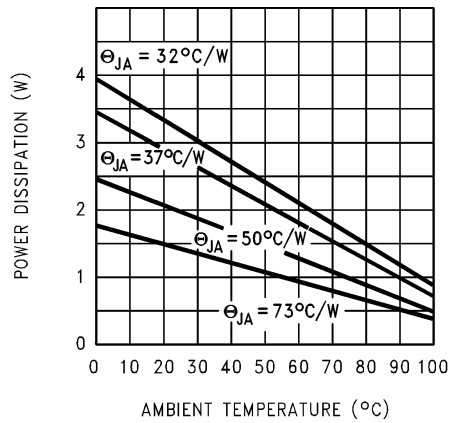
Maximum Average Power Dissipation
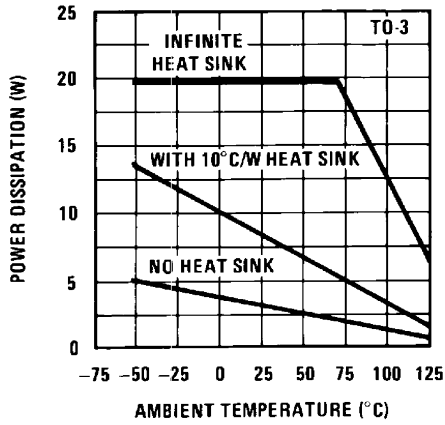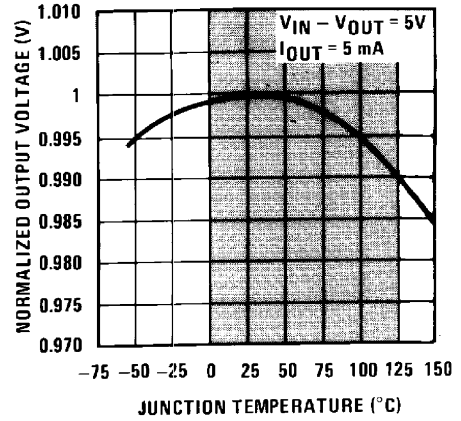

00778122

Maximum Average Power Dissipation

00778123

Maximum Power Dissipation (TO-263)
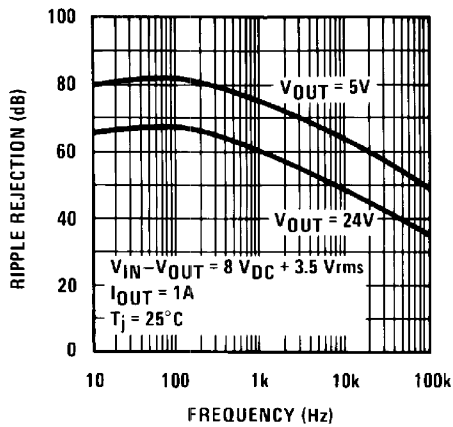### (See Note 2)

00778124

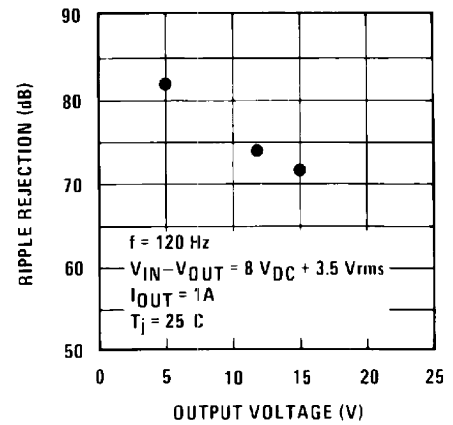### Output Voltage (Normalized to 1V at $T_J = 25°C$)

00778125

Note: Shaded area refers to LM340A/LM340, LM7805C, LM7812C and LM7815C.
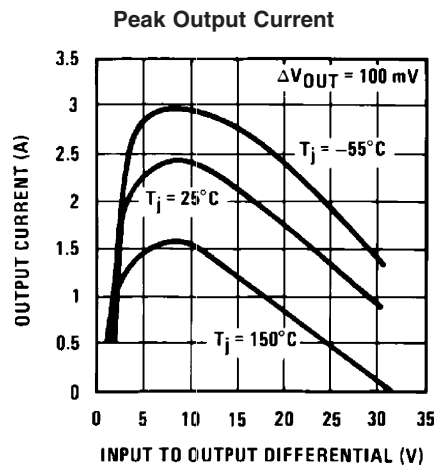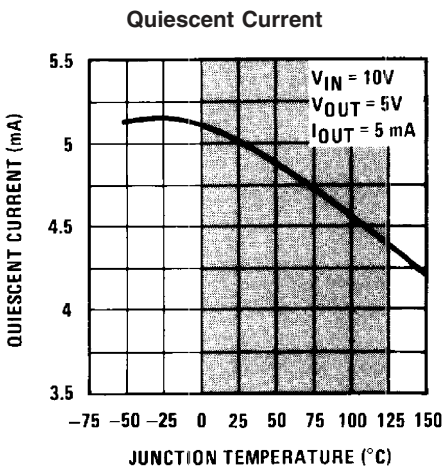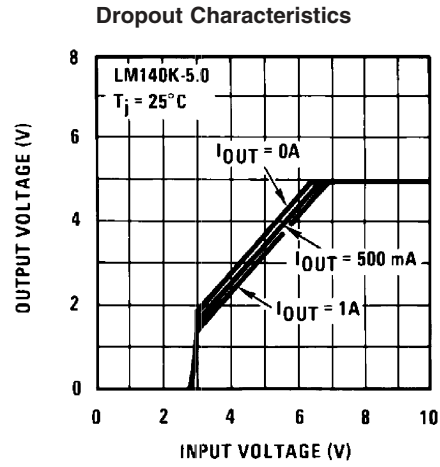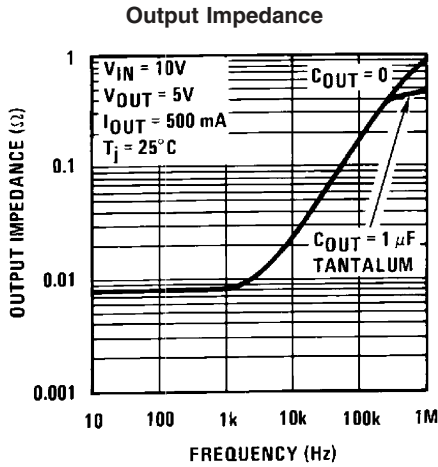
Ripple Rejection

00778126

Ripple Rejection

00778127

Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)

Output Impedance

$V_{IN} = 10V$
$V_{OUT} = 5V$
$I_{OUT} = 500$ mA
$T_j = 25°C$

$C_{OUT} = 0$

$C_{OUT} = 1 \mu F$
TANTALUM

OUTPUT IMPEDANCE (Ω)

FREQUENCY (Hz)

00778128

Dropout Characteristics

LM140K-5.0
$T_j = 25°C$

$I_{OUT} = 0A$
$I_{OUT} = 500$ mA
$I_{OUT} = 1A$

OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V)

INPUT VOLTAGE (V)

00778129

Quiescent Current

$V_{IN} = 10V$
$V_{OUT} = 5V$
$I_{OUT} = 5$ mA

QUIESCENT CURRENT (mA)

JUNCTION TEMPERATURE (°C)

00778130

Note: Shaded area refers to LM340A/LM340, LM7805C, LM7812C and LM7815C.

Peak Output Current

$\Delta V_{OUT} = 100$ mV

$T_j = -55°C$
$T_j = 25°C$
$T_j = 150°C$

OUTPUT CURRENT (A)

INPUT TO OUTPUT DIFFERENTIAL (V)

00778131

Dropout Voltage

$\Delta V_{OUT} = 100$ mV
$I_{OUT} = 1A$
$I_{OUT} = 500$ mA
$I_{OUT} = 0A$

INPUT TO OUTPUT DIFFERENTIAL (V)

JUNCTION TEMPERATURE (°C)

00778132

Note: Shaded area refers to LM340A/LM340, LM7805C, LM7812C and LM7815C.

Quiescent Current

$V_{OUT} = 5V$
$I_{OUT} = 10$ mA
$T_j = 25°C$

QUIESCENT CURRENT (mA)

INPUT VOLTAGE (V)

00778133

Line Regulation
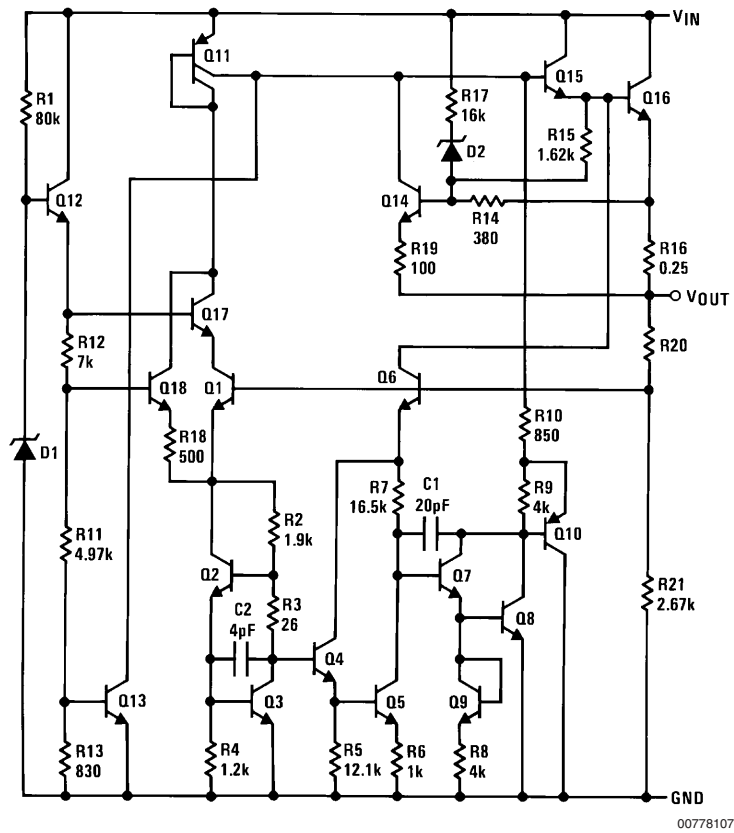### 140AK-5.0, I_{OUT} = 1A, T_A = 25°C
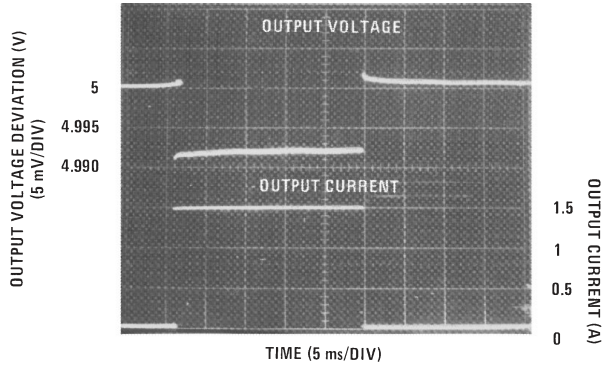
00778105

Line Regulation
140AK-5.0, V_{IN} = 10V, T_A = 25°C
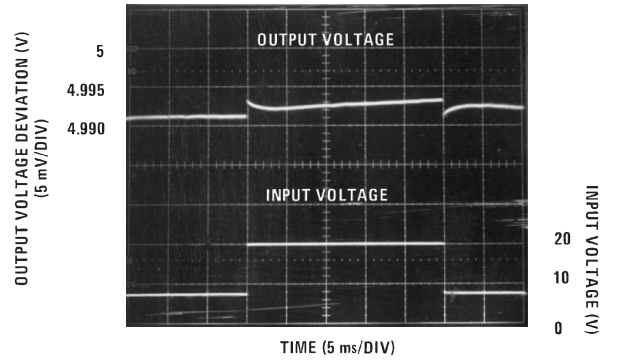
00778106

Equivalent Schematic

00778107

Application Hints

The LM340/LM78XX series is designed with thermal protection, output short-circuit protection and output transistor safe area protection. However, as with *any* IC regulator, it becomes necessary to take precautions to assure that the regulator is not inadvertently damaged. The following describes possible misapplications and methods to prevent damage to the regulator.

SHORTING THE REGULATOR INPUT

When using large capacitors at the output of these regulators, a protection diode connected input to output (*Figure 1*) may be required if the input is shorted to ground. Without the protection diode, an input short will cause the input to rapidly approach ground potential, while the output remains near the initial V_{OUT} because of the stored charge in the large output capacitor. The capacitor will then discharge through a large internal input to output diode and parasitic transistors. If the energy released by the capacitor is large enough, this diode, low current metal and the regulator will be destroyed. The fast diode in *Figure 1* will shunt most of the capacitors discharge current around the regulator. Generally no protection diode is required for values of output capacitance ≤ 10 µF.

### RAISING THE OUTPUT VOLTAGE ABOVE THE INPUT VOLTAGE

Since the output of the device does not sink current, forcing the output high can cause damage to internal low current paths in a manner similar to that just described in the "Shorting the Regulator Input" section.

REGULATOR FLOATING GROUND (*Figure 2*)

When the ground pin alone becomes disconnected, the output approaches the unregulated input, causing possible damage to other circuits connected to V_{OUT}. If ground is reconnected with power "ON", damage may also occur to the regulator. This fault is most likely to occur when plugging in regulators or modules with on card regulators into powered up sockets. Power should be turned off first, thermal limit ceases operating, or ground should be connected first if power must be left on.
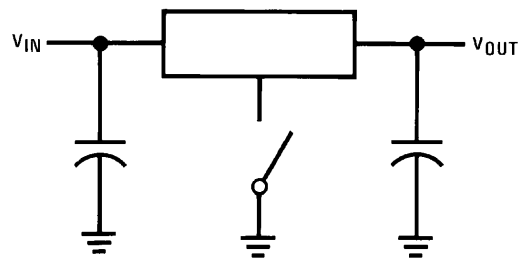
TRANSIENT VOLTAGES

If transients exceed the maximum rated input voltage of the device, or reach more than 0.8V below ground and have sufficient energy, they will damage the regulator. The solution is to use a large input capacitor, a series input breakdown diode, a choke, a transient suppressor or a combination of these.
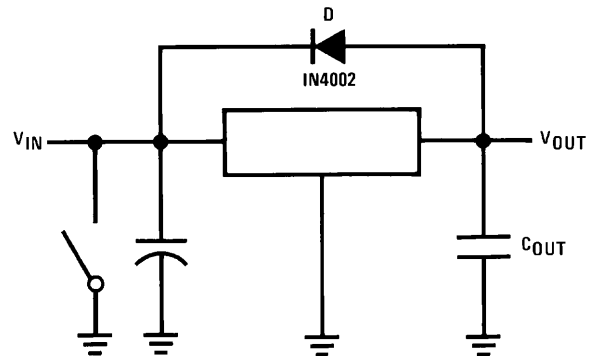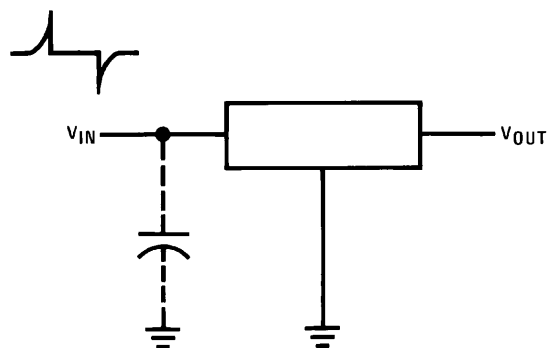

00778108

FIGURE 1. Input Short

00778109

FIGURE 2. Regulator Floating Ground

00778110

FIGURE 3. Transients

When a value for $\theta_{(H-A)}$ is found using the equation shown, a heatsink must be selected that has *a value that is less than or equal to this number.*

$\theta_{(H-A)}$ is specified numerically by the heatsink manufacturer in this catalog, or shown in a curve that plots temperature rise vs power dissipation for the heatsink.

Application Hints (Continued)

HEATSINKING TO-263 AND SOT-223 PACKAGE PARTS

Both the TO-263 ("S") and SOT-223 ("MP") packages use a copper plane on the PCB and the PCB itself as a heatsink. To optimize the heat sinking ability of the plane and PCB, solder the tab of the plane.

shows for the TO-263 the measured values of $\theta_{(J-A)}$ for different copper area sizes using a typical PCB with 1 ounce copper *and no solder mask over the copper area used for heatsinking*.
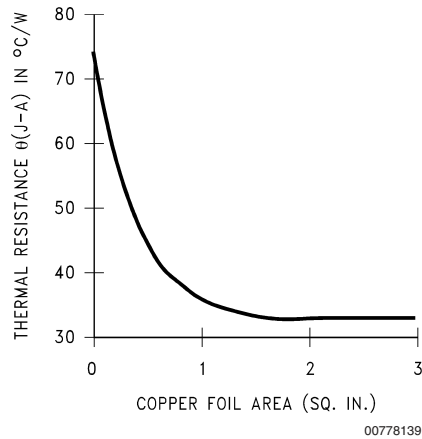

FIGURE 4. $\theta_{(J-A)}$ vs Copper (1 ounce) Area for the TO-263 Package

As shown in the figure, increasing the copper area beyond 1 square inch produces very little improvement. It should also be observed that the minimum value of $\theta_{(J-A)}$ for the TO-263 package mounted to a PCB is 32°C/W.

As a design aid, *Figure 5* shows the maximum allowable power dissipation compared to ambient temperature for the TO-263 device (assuming $\theta_{(J-A)}$ is 35°C/W and the maximum junction temperature is 125°C).
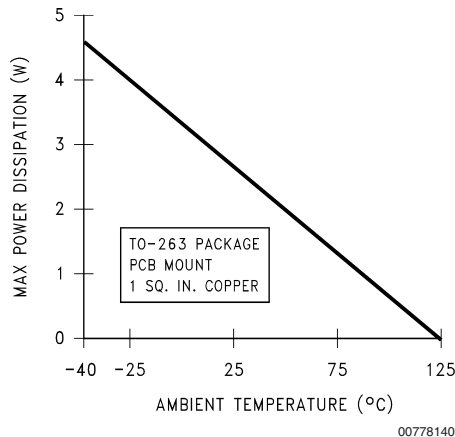

FIGURE 5. Maximum Power Dissipation vs T_{AMB} for the TO-263 Package

Figures 6, 7 show the information for the SOT-223 package. *Figure 6* assumes a $\theta_{(J-A)}$ of 74°C/W for 1 ounce copper and 51°C/W for 2 ounce copper and a maximum junction temperature of 125°C.
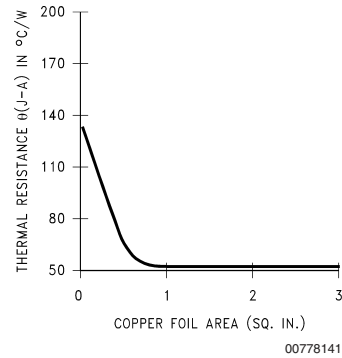

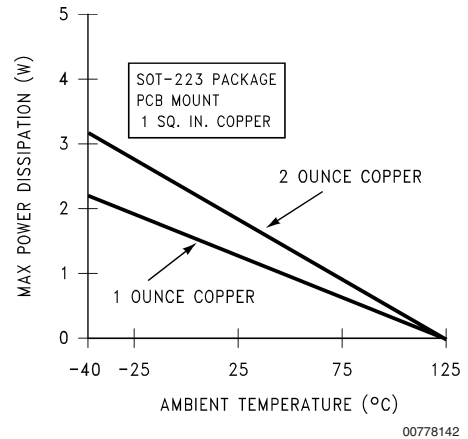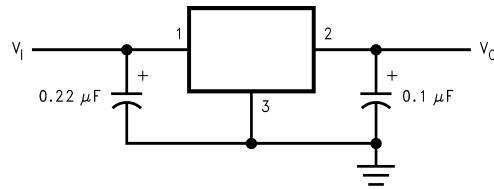**FIGURE 6. $\theta_{(J-A)}$ vs Copper (2 ounce) Area for the SOT-223 Package**

FIGURE 7. Maximum Power Dissipation vs T_{AMB} for the SOT-223 Package

Please see AN-1028 for power enhancement techniques to be used with the SOT-223 package.
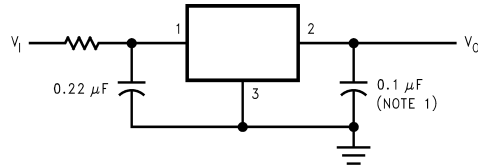
LM340/LM78XX

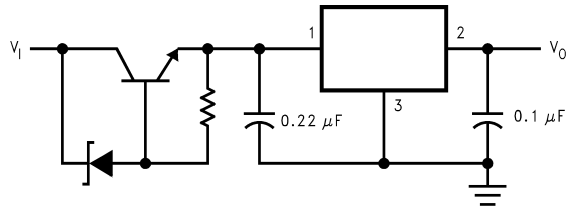# Typical Applications

Fixed Output Regulator

00778113

Note: Bypass capacitors are recommended for optimum stability and transient response, and should be located as close as possible to the regulator.

High Input Voltage Circuits
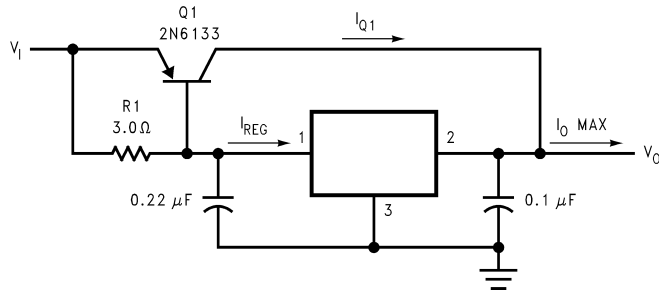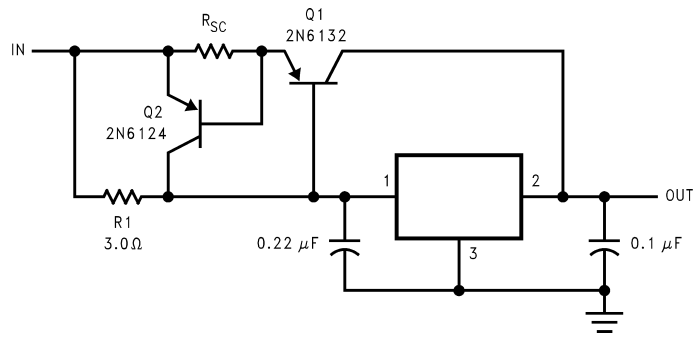

00778114

00778115

High Current Voltage Regulator

00778116

$$\beta(Q1) \geq \frac{I_{O\,Max}}{I_{REG\,Max}}$$

$$R1 = \frac{0.9}{I_{REG}} = \frac{\beta(Q1)\,V_{BE(Q1)}}{I_{REG\,Max}\,(\beta + 1) - I_{O\,Max}}$$

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Typical Applications (Continued)

High Output Current, Short Circuit Protected
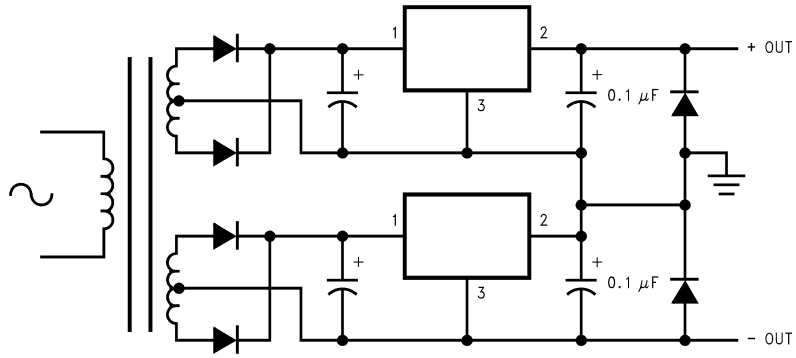

00778117

$$R_{SC} = \frac{0.8}{I_{SC}}$$

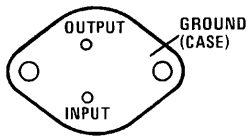$$R1 = \frac{\beta V_{BE(Q1)}}{I_{REG\ Max}\ (\beta + 1) - I_{O\ Max}}$$

Positive and Negative Regulator

00778118

Connection Diagrams and Ordering Information

TO-3 Metal Can Package (K)

00778111

Bottom View
Steel Package Order Numbers:
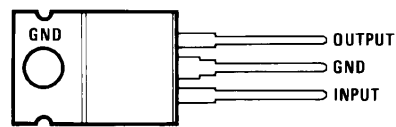LM140K-5.0   LM140K-12   LM140K-15
LM340K-12   LM340K-15
LM340K-5.0
See Package Number K02A
LM140K-5.0/883   LM140K-12/883   LM140K-15/883
See Package Number K02C

TO-220 Power Package (T)

00778112

Top View
Plastic Package Order Numbers:
LM340AT-5.0   LM340T-5.0
LM340T-12   LM340T-15
LM7805CT   LM7812CT
LM7815CT   LM7808CT
See Package Number T03B

TO-39 Metal Can Package (H)
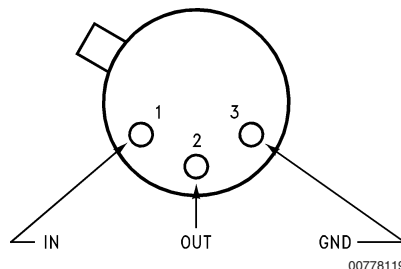
00778119

Top View
Metal Can Order Numbers†:
LM140H-5.0/883   LM140H-6.0/883
LM140H-8.0/883   LM140H-12/883
LM140H-15/883   LM140H-24/883
See Package Number H03A

TO-263 Surface-Mount Package (S)
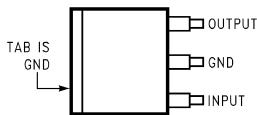
00778120

Top View
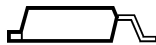
00778121

Side View
Surface-Mount Package Order Numbers:
LM340S-5.0   LM340S-12
See Package Number TS3B

3-Lead SOT-223
(Front View)
Order Number LM340MP-5.0
Package Marked NO0A
See Package Number MA04A
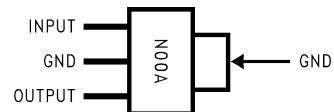
00778143

†**The specifications for the LM140H/883 devices are not contained in this datasheet. If specifications for these devices are required, contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/Distributors.**

Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters)
unless otherwise noted
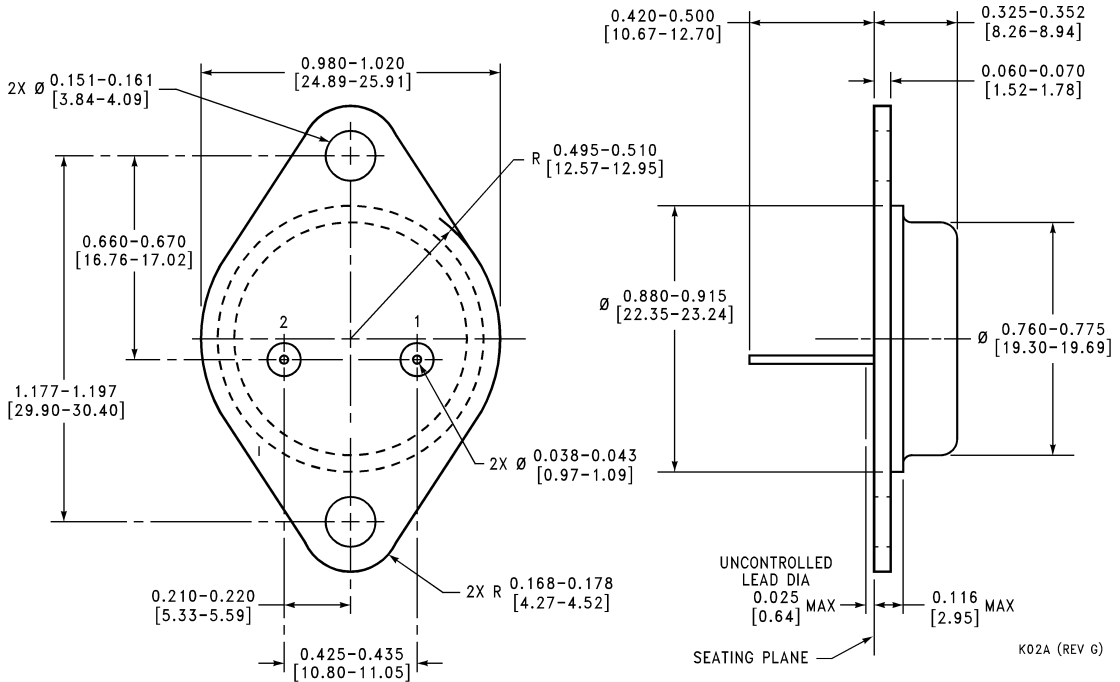
TO-3 Metal Can Package (K)
Order Number LM140K-5.0, LM340K-5.0, LM140K-12, LM340K-12,
LM140K-15, LM340K-15, LM7806CK, LM7808CK, LM7818CK or LM7824CK
NS Package Number K02A
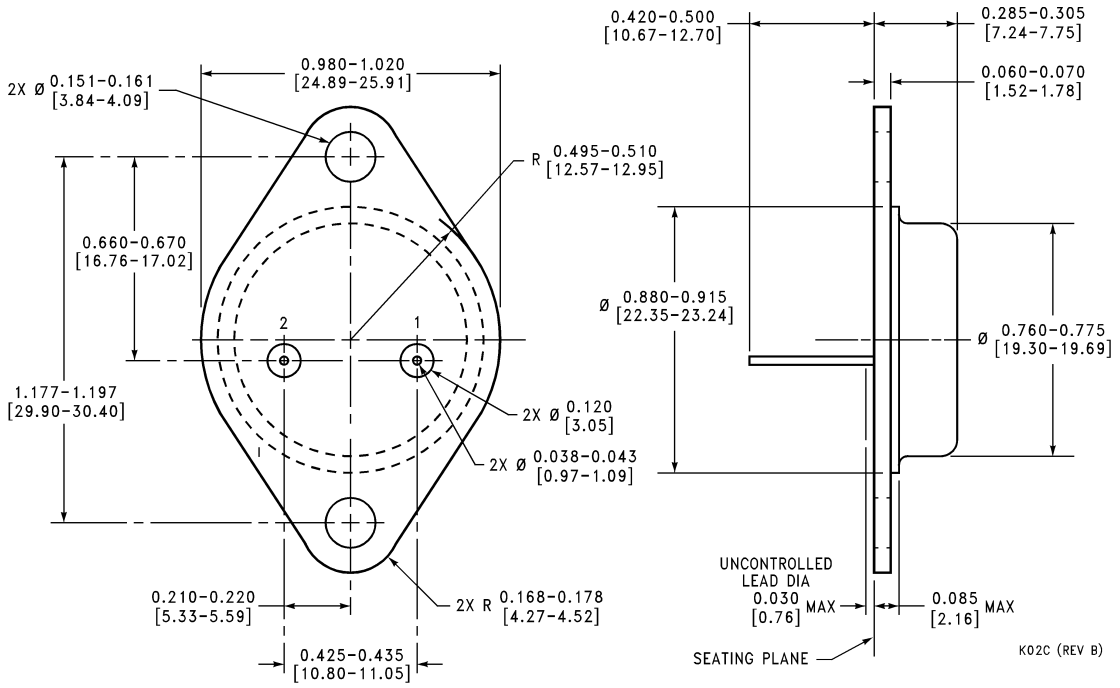
TO-3 Metal Can Package (K)
Mil-Aero Products
Order Number LM140K-5.0/883, LM140K-12/883, or LM140K-15/883
NS Package Number K02C

Physical Dimensions   inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted (Continued)

10° ± 3° TYP

0.090–0.110 TYP
[2.29–2.79]

0.260–0.280
[6.60–7.11]

0.390–0.410
[9.91–10.41]

0.028–0.038 TYP
[0.71–0.97]

PIN # 1 ID

0.330–0.350
[8.38–8.89]

0.050 MAX
[1.27]

7°   7°

R 0.030 MAX TYP
[0.76]

0.015–0.030
[0.38–0.76]

0.035
[0.89]

0.175–0.183
[4.45–4.65]

–M–

0.048–0.052
[1.22–1.32]

TAPERED
SIDES 1°

0°–6°

0°–6°

0.004[0.10]

0.000–0.006 STAND-OFF
[0.00–0.15]

0.490 MAX
[12.45]

0.565 MAX
[14.35]

0.250 MIN
[6.35]

0.200 MIN
[5.08]

BACK VIEW

0.575
[14.61]

0.085 TYP
[2.16]

0.425
[10.80]

0.100
[2.54]
TYP

0.410
[10.41]

0.042 TYP
[1.07]

LEAD POSITION OVERLAY
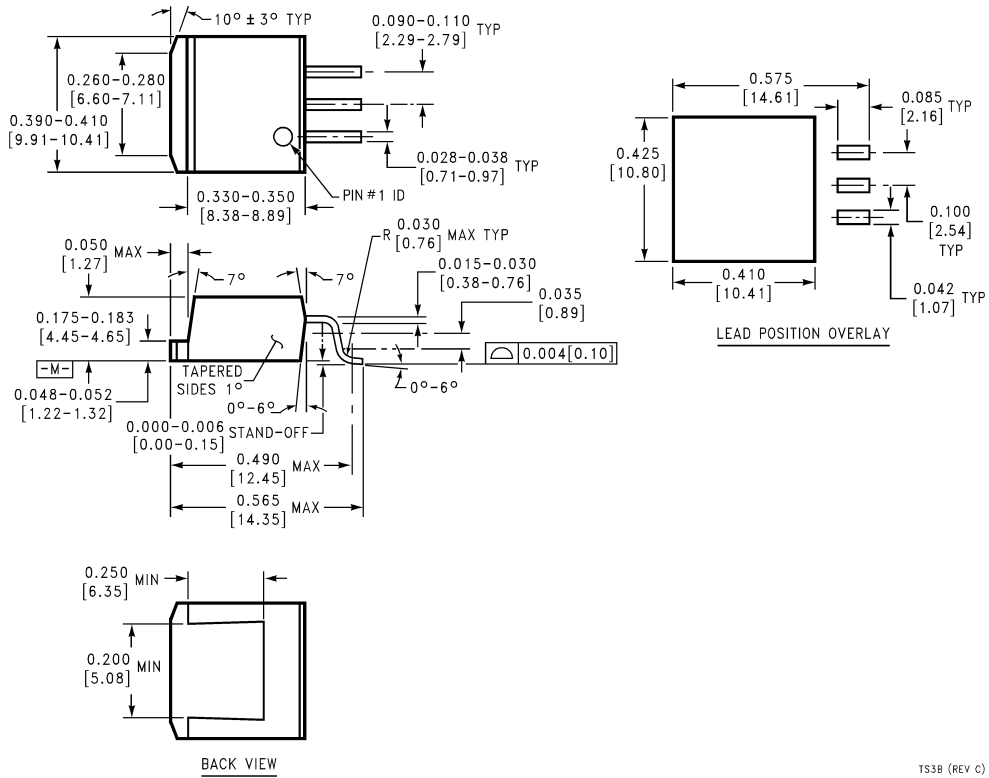
TS3B (REV C)

TO-263 Surface-Mount Package (S)
Order Number LM340S-5.0 or LM340S-12
NS Package Number TS3B

Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted (Continued)

0.240-0.260
[6.10-6.60]

0.330-0.350
[8.38-8.89]

0.100-0.120
[2.54-3.05]

Ø 0.149-0.153
[3.78-3.89]

0.400 +0.015 −0.005
[10.16 +0.38 −0.13]

0.090-0.110
[2.29-2.79]

0.190-0.210
[4.83-5.33]

PIN #1 ID

0.130-0.160 TYP
[3.30-4.06]

0.048-0.055
[1.22-1.40]
TYP

1.005-1.035
[25.53-26.29]

0.027-0.037
[0.69-0.94]
TYP

7°

7°

(0.525-0.555)
[13.34-14.10]

0.015 +0.007 −0.001 [0.38 +0.18 −0.03]

0.175-0.185
[4.45-4.70]

0°-6°

0.105 +0.010 −0.015 [2.67 +0.25 −0.38]

0.048-0.052
[1.22-1.32]

SEATING PLANE

TAPERED
SIDES 1°

T03B (REV L)

TO-220 Power Package (T)
Order Number LM340AT/LM340T-5.0, LM340AT/LM340T-12, LM340AT/LM340T-15,
LM7805CT, LM7812CT, LM7815CT, LM7806CT, LM7808CT, LM7818CT or LM7824CT
NS Package Number T03B

Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted (Continued)

0.256 ± 0.008
[6.5 ± 0.2]

-A-

0.118 ± 0.004
[3 ± 0.1]

⊕ | 0.004 [0.1] Ⓜ | C | AⓈ | BⓈ

4

0.274 +0.013 −0.010
[6.96 +0.33 −0.25]

0.140 +0.006 −0.010
[3.56 +0.15 −0.25]

-B-

1   3

0.090
[2.29] TYP

0.129
[3.28] MAX

SYMM
℄

0.059
[1.5] MAX

0.248
[6.3]

0.059
[1.5] MAX TYP

0.039
[0.99] MAX TYP

0.0900
[2.286]

LAND PATTERN RECOMMENDATION

R 0.006 ± 0.002 TYP
[0.15 ± 0.05]

R 0.006 ± 0.002 TYP
[0.15 ± 0.05]

0.012 +0.001 −0.003
[0.3 +0.02 −0.07] TYP

GAGE PLANE

0.061 − 0.071
[1.55 − 1.80]

(0.063)
[1.6]

0.010
[0.25]

-C-

⊕ | 0.003 [0.07] | C

0.001 − 0.004
[0.03 − 0.10]
TYP

0.029 +0.002 −0.003 TYP
[0.74 +0.05 −0.07]

0.036
[0.91] MIN TYP

(0.067)
[1.7]

SEATING PLANE

0°−10°
TYP

⊕ | 0.004 [0.1] Ⓜ | C | AⓈ | BⓈ

MA04A (REV A)

3-Lead SOT-223 Package
Order Part Number LM340MP-5.0
NS Package Number MA04A

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2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.